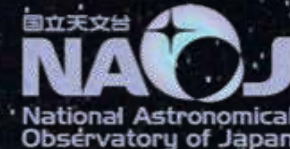


2022年度光赤天連シンポジウム (2022/9/20-22)

ULTIMATE-Subaru プロジェクトの現状と課題

<https://ultimate.naoj.org/index.html>

小山佑世 (国立天文台ハワイ観測所)
on behalf of ULTIMATE collaboration



Australian
National
University

TOHOKU
UNIVERSITY



東京大学
THE UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO



ULTIMATE
Subaru



SUPER
IRNET

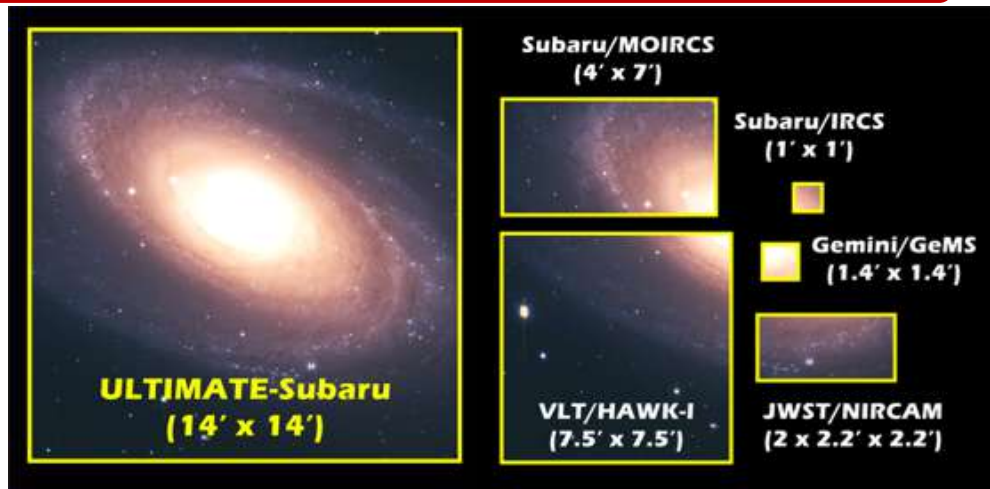


ULTIMATE-Subaru

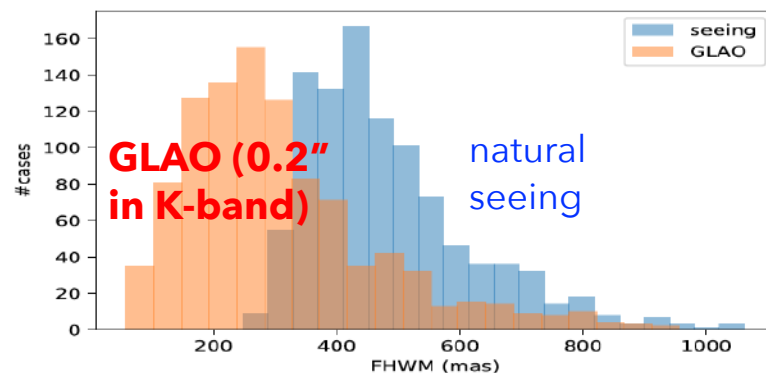
すばる広視野補償光学プロジェクト

「地表層補償光学(GLAO)」を搭載し、広い視野(約20分角)にわたって星像改善を目指す。

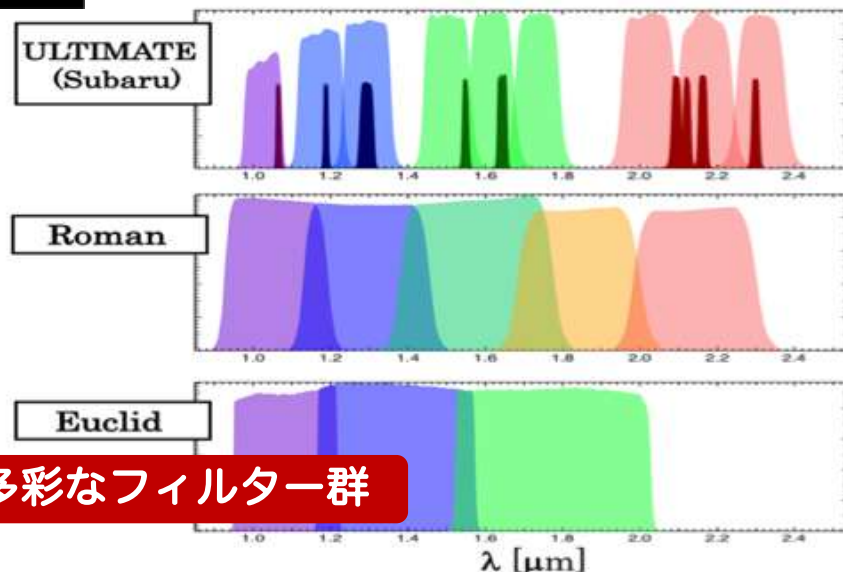
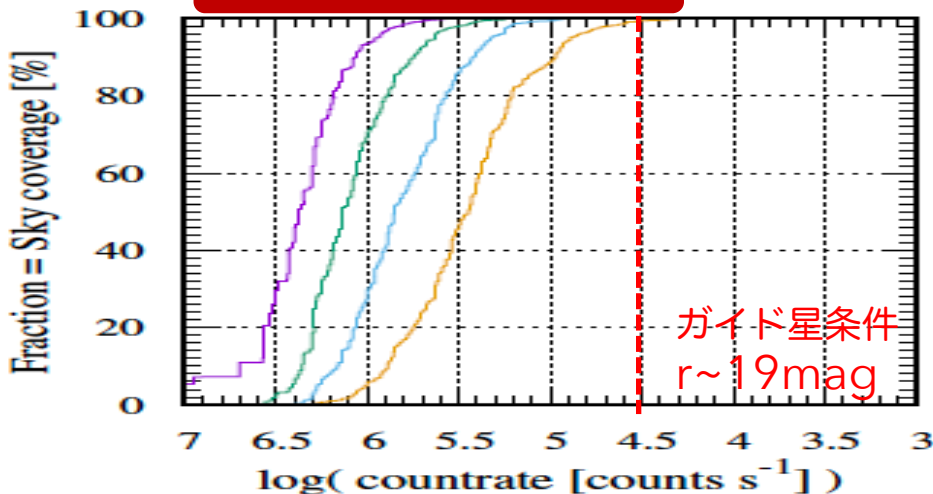
① 8m級望遠鏡で最大視野のAO+近赤外撮像



② 宇宙望遠鏡に匹敵する解像度



③ ほぼ全天で実現

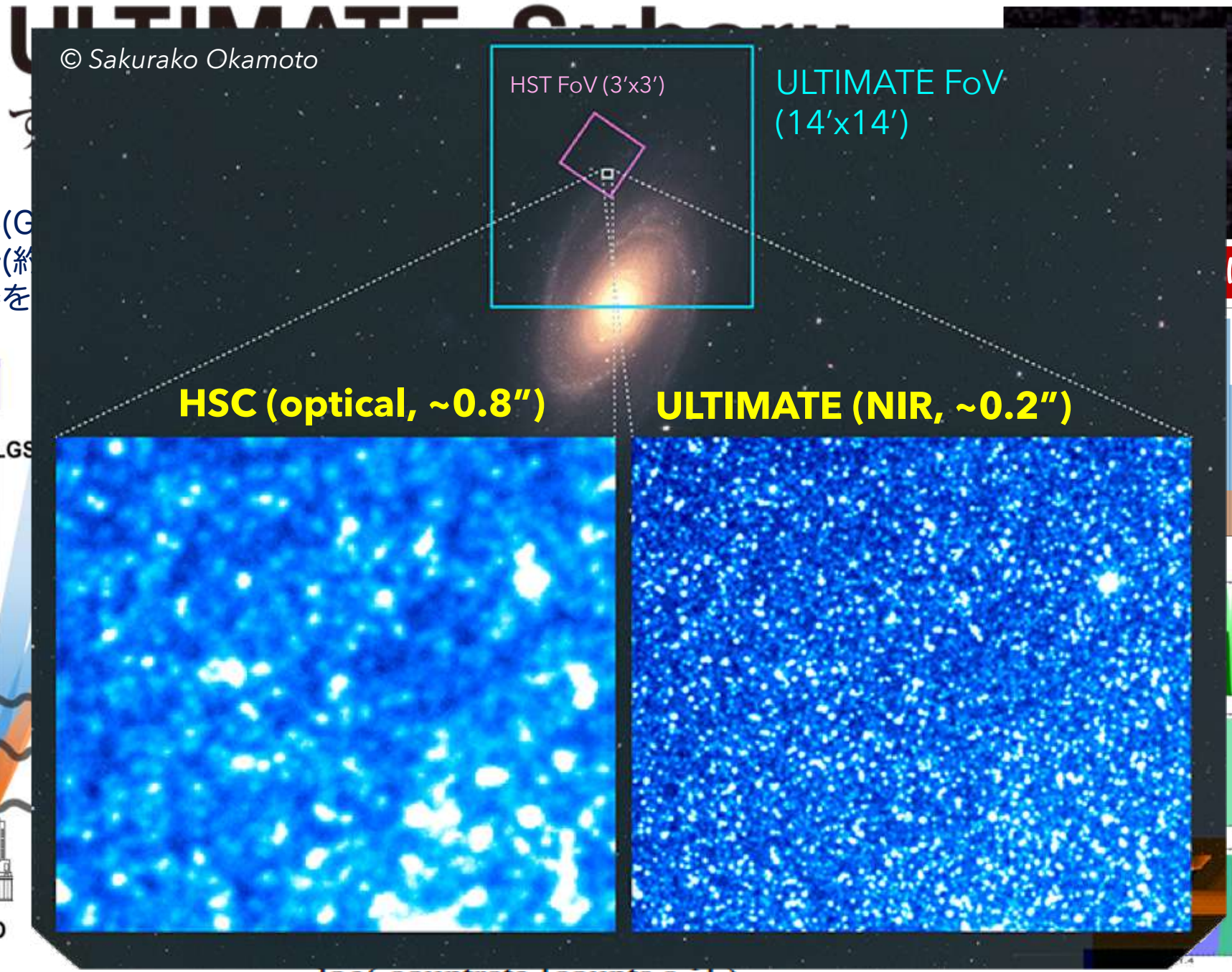


④ 多彩なフィルター群

GLAO

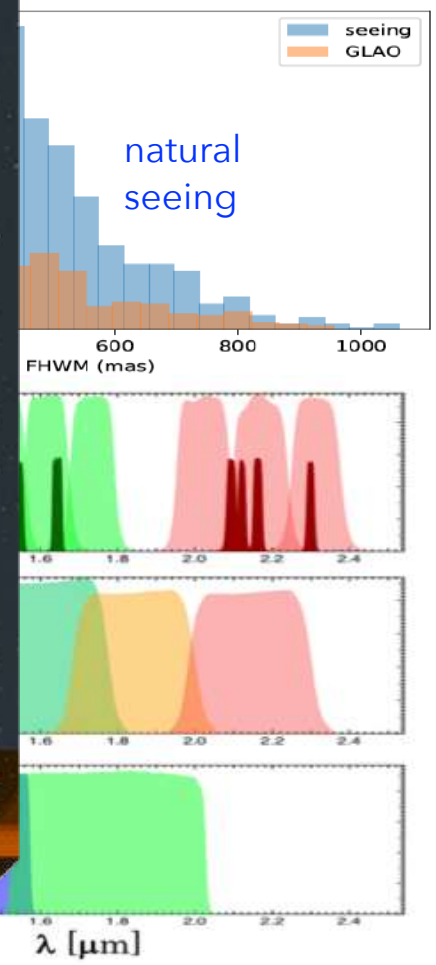
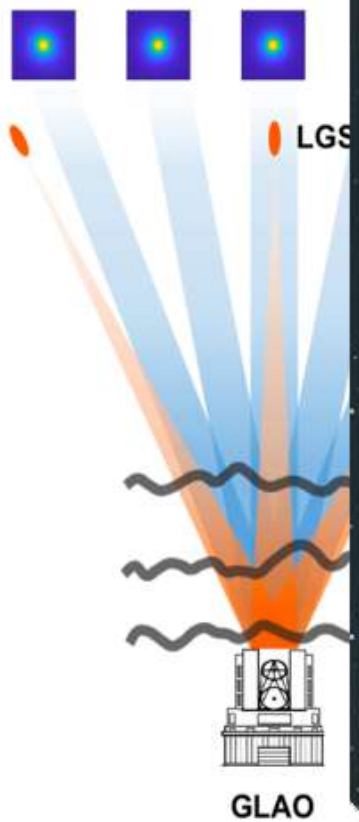


© Sakurako Okamoto



に匹敵する解像度

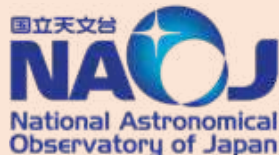
「地表層補償光学(GLAO)を搭載し、広い視野(約わたって星像改善を



プロジェクトチーム構成(1): 装置開発チーム・プロジェクトコアチーム

ULTIMATE-Subaru project office

- Michitoshi Yoshida (NAOJ, Project PI)
- Yosuke Minowa (Subaru, Project Manager)
- Yusei Koyama (Subaru, Project Scientist)
- Takashi Hattori (Subaru, wide-field imager)
- Yutaka Hayano (Subaru, GLAO development)
- Junichi Katakura (Subaru, Project controller)
- Kentaro Motohara (NAOJ, wide-field imager, WFI)
- Hirofumi Okita (Subaru, Telescope upgrade)
- Yoshito Ono (Subaru, GLAO development)
- Ichi Tanaka (Subaru, MOIRCS upgrade lead)
- Yoko Tanaka (Subaru, GLAO optical design)
- Koki Terao (Subaru, GLAO development)
- Chihiro Tokoku (NAOJ, NINJA development)
- Shin Oya (NAOJ, GLAO development)
- Kenshi Yanagisawa (NAOJ, System engineer, wide-field imager)
- Hiroshige Yoshida (Subaru, GLAO/MOIRCS, software)
- Sadman Ali (Subaru, sensitivity WG)
- Masayuki Akiyama (Tohoku, GLAO development + science)
- Tadayuki Kodama (Tohoku, Science team lead)
- Hajime Ogane (Tohoku, GLAO/ULTIMATE-START)
- Masahiro Konishi (Univ. of Tokyo, wide-field imager)



東北大学



ULTIMATE science core team

- Akio Inoue (Waseda)
- Tadayuki Kodama (Tohoku)
- Yusei Koyama (Subaru)
- Tomoko Suzuki (IPMU)
- Ken-ichi Tadaki (NAOJ)
- Takuji Yamashita (NAOJ)
- Sakurako Okamoto (Subaru)
- Shogo Nishiyama (Miyagi Univ. Educ.)
- Daisuke Suzuki (Osaka)
- Takafumi Kamizuka (Tokyo)
- Kumiko Morihana (Subaru)
- Yuhei Takagi (Subaru)
- Tsuyoshi Terai (Subaru)
- Takashi Moriya (NAOJ)

ANU team (Australia)



- Celine d'Orgeville (ANU, team lead)
- Doinne Haynes (ANU, project manager)
- Noelia Martinez Rey (ANU, project scientist)
- David Chandler (ANU, systems engineer)
- Nicholas Herral (ANU, mechanical engineer)
- Israel Vaughn (ANU, Optical Engineer)
- Warrick Schofield (ANU, Mechanical Engineer)

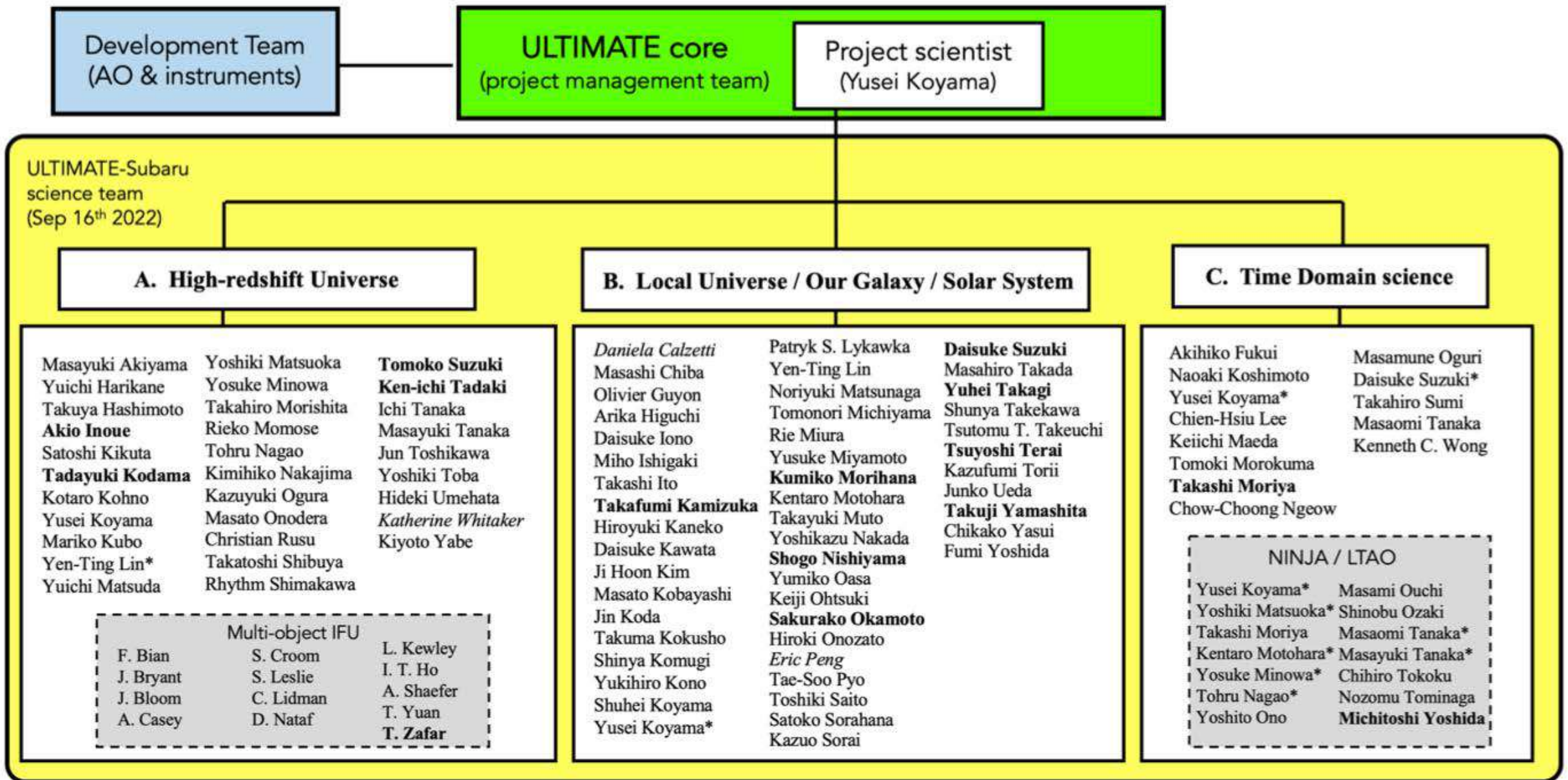
ASIAA team (Taiwan)

- Shiang-Yu Wang (ASIAA team lead, project management)
- Masahiko Kimura (ASIAA, InR, Relay design)
- Chueh-Yi Chou (ASIAA, Relay design)
- Yin-Chang Chang (ASIAA, Relay design)
- Hsin-Yo Chen (ASIAA, InR design)





プロジェクトチーム構成(2): サイエンスチーム



Science Goal (1): ULTIMATE for *Deep* Universe

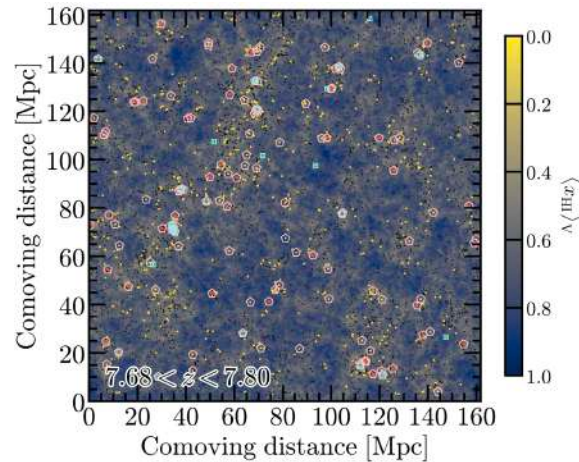
Unveiling the life of galaxies across cosmic time and environment from elementary scale

見たことのない宇宙を、この手に

1) Birth of Galaxies

Deep & Wide NB

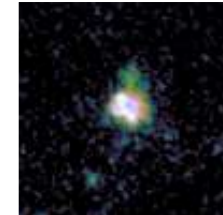
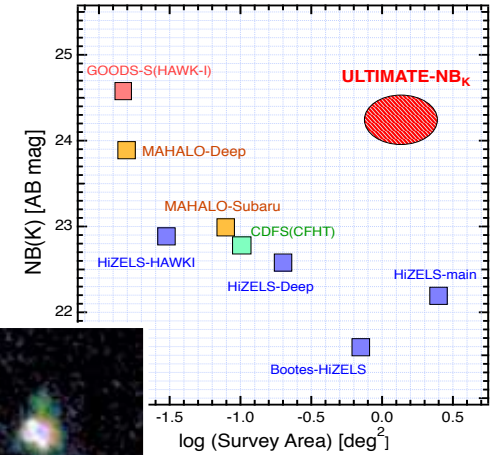
Unprecedentedly deep and wide NB imaging to search Ly α emitters in the epoch of cosmic reionization (at $z \gg 7$)



2) Growth of Galaxies

Sharp & Wide NB

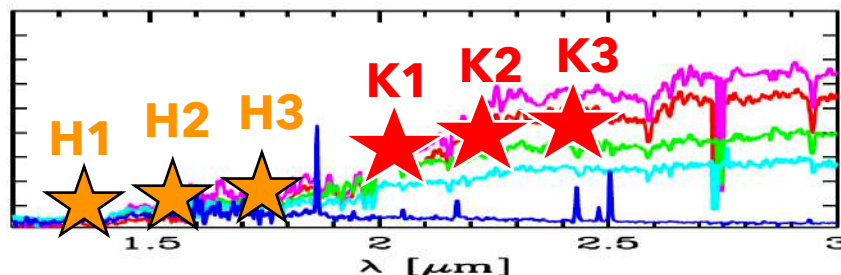
Stellar build-up inside the galaxies at the cosmic noon ($z \sim 2-3$) epoch with deep and sharp NB(H α /[OIII]) imaging in K-band.



3) Death of Galaxies

Deep & Wide MB

Understand the nature and environment of massive (quenched) galaxies by detecting the most massive galaxies at $z \sim 4-5$ with deep/wide MB(K) imaging.

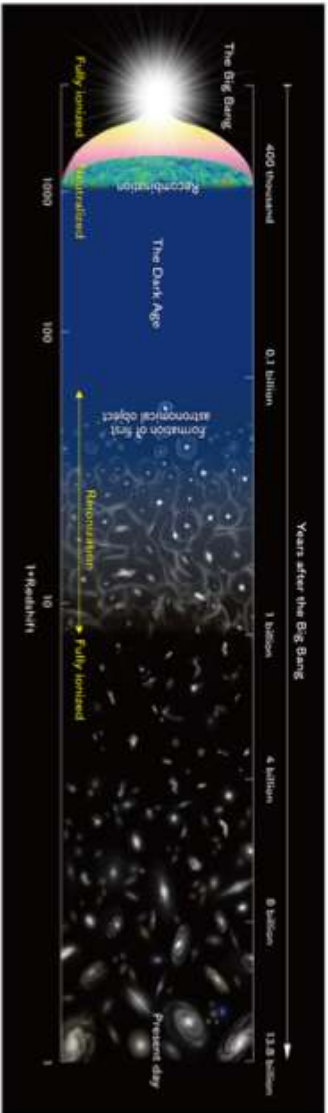


SEDs of $z=4$ galaxy

4) Nearby Galaxies & Galactic SF Regions

Sharp & Wide JHK+NB

- Spatially resolve nearby galaxies ($D < 10$ Mpc) into stars and star-forming regions.
- Sharp/deep imaging of SF regions in the Milky Way to study the IMF.



Science Goal (2): ULTIMATE for *Transient* Universe

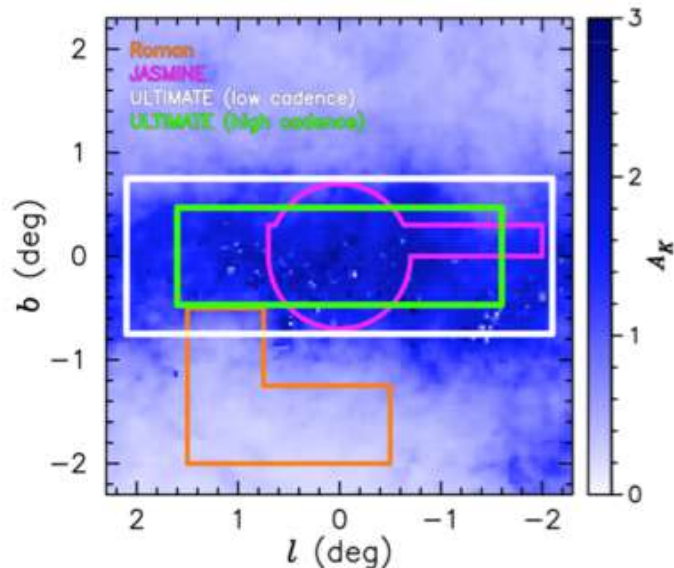
Understanding the evolution of stars, blackholes, and planets near and far

激動する宇宙を、究める

1) Galactic Center

Sharp & Wide JHK + NB

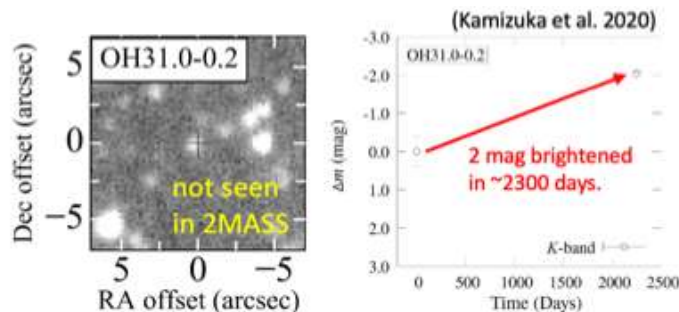
- High/low cadence survey toward the Galactic Center with ULTIMATE, to reveal hidden objects (blackholes and free-floating planets) in the Galactic Center with microlensing and astrometric approach.
- Synergy with JASMINE, Roman.



2) Galactic Plane

Sharp & Wide NB/MB

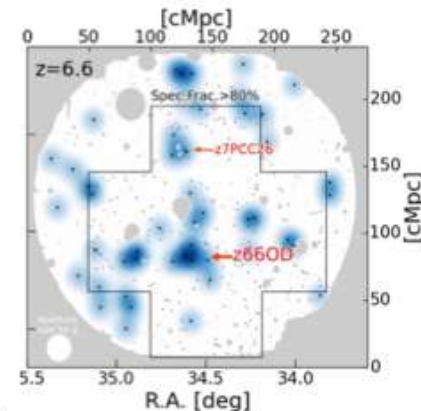
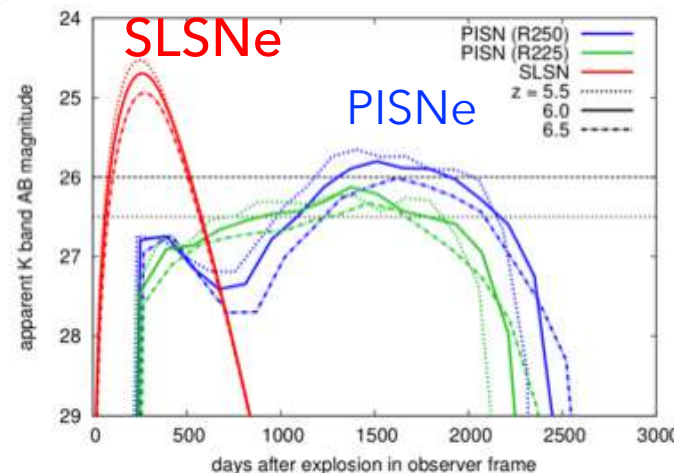
- Revealing the Milky Way structure and hidden stellar evolution (e.g. OH/IR stars).
- $\text{Pa}\beta/\text{Br}\gamma$ imaging for cataclysmic variables, to reveal the Galactic Diffuse X-ray Emission



3) High-z Supernovae

Deep K-band imaging

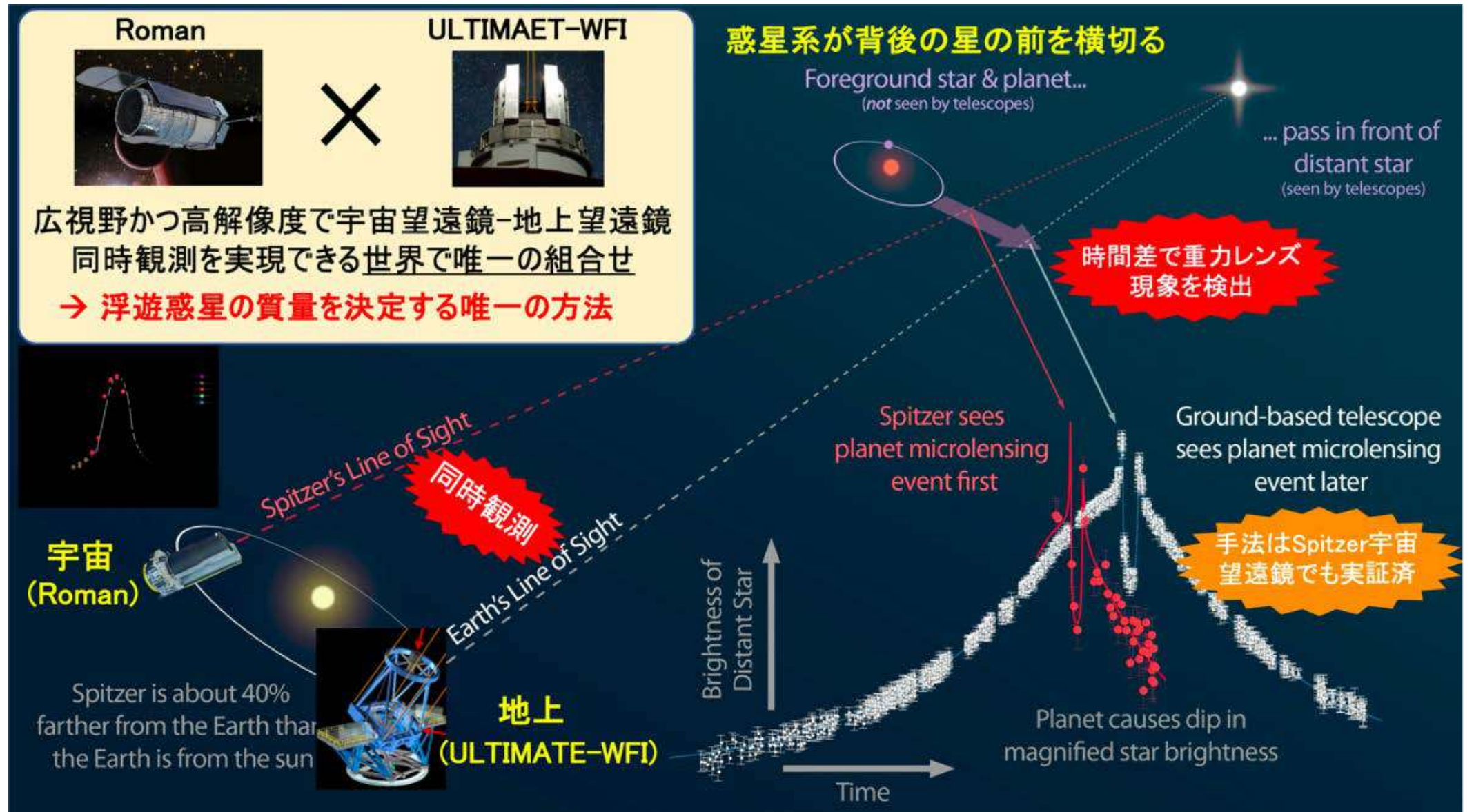
- SNe search at $z > 6$ - visiting $\sim 1\text{-deg}^2$ every 180-days down to $K > 26$ mag (AB) will allow us to detect PopIII pair-instability SNe at $z > 6$.
- Boost the SNe detectability by targeting protoclusters/overdense regions identified by HSC (and Euclid/Roman) survey.



Moriya+2019

Harikane+2019

ULTIMATE(地上)とRoman(宇宙) 同時観測で広がるサイエンス



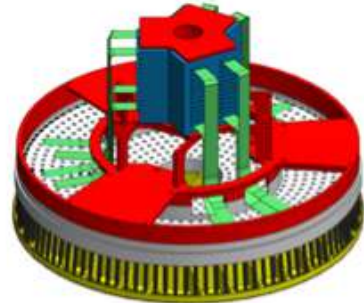


GLAO subsystem overview and status

2022年11月にGLAOの Preliminary Design Review (PDR) を予定

Adaptive Secondary Mirror (ASM)

- $\Phi=1260\text{mm}$ deformable mirror with 924 actuators
- Adopt the well-developed technology from AdOptica/Italy.
- Final design completed in FY2021
- Start fabrication in FY2022



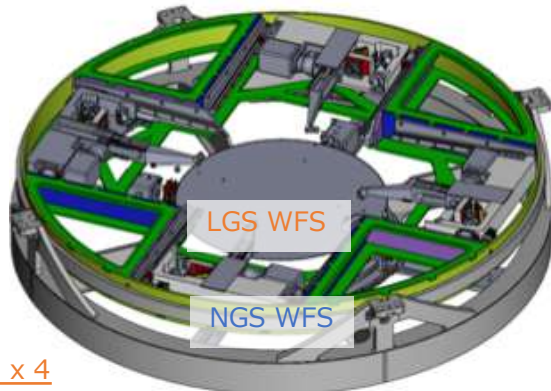
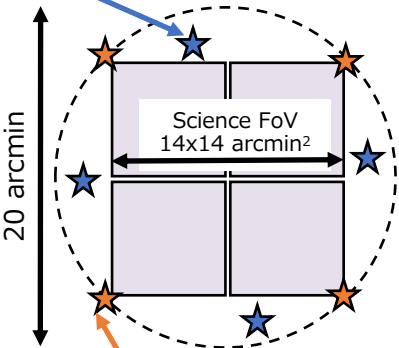
- ASM will be installed in the existing Infrared Secondary Mirror mount

Wavefront Sensors (WFS)

- Equip with the 4 LGS WFSs to measure the turbulence at the ground layer and another 4 NGS WFSs to measure the low-order error that cannot be measured with the LGS.
- Preliminary Design completed in FY2021.

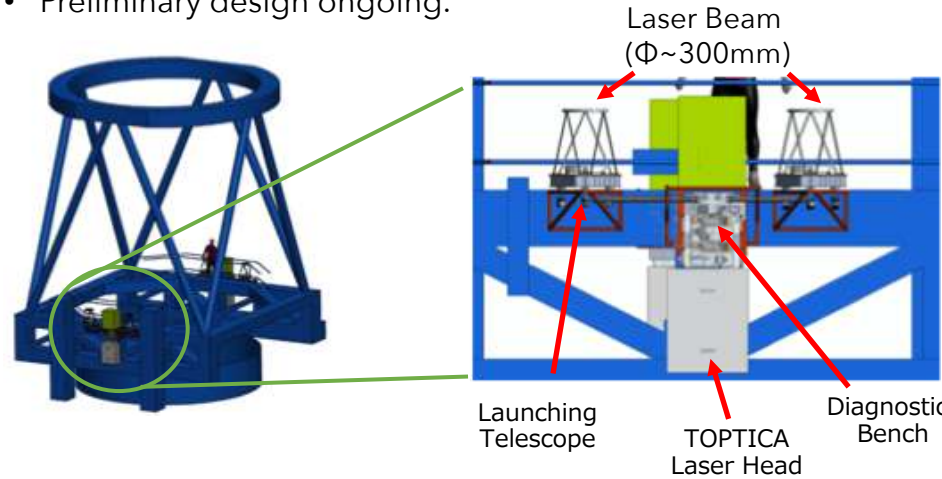


Natural Guide Star (NGS) x 4



Laser Guide Star Facility (LGSF)

- Use 2 TOPTICA high-power lasers (22W) to generate 4 Laser Guide Stars.
- Launch the laser beams from the side of the telescope.
- Preliminary design ongoing.



Key Technology Prototyping

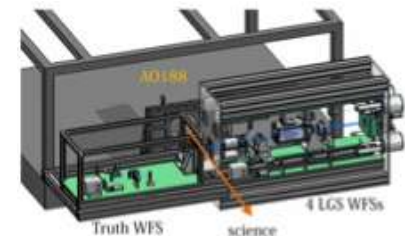
- **ULTIMATE-START** - a Laser Tomography AO (LTAO) Wavefront Sensor with 4 x SH-WFS - has been developed for testing the camera, real-time control, etc. for the future GLAO system.
- TOPTICA laser guide star has been integrated at Subaru to provide 4 laser beams for LTAO.
- LTAO will be initially commissioned with AO188, and later be used with the ASM, providing a narrow-field (<10") LTAO mode in ULTIMATE.



TOPTICA laser commissioned at Subaru



LTAO WFS (ULTIMATE-START)





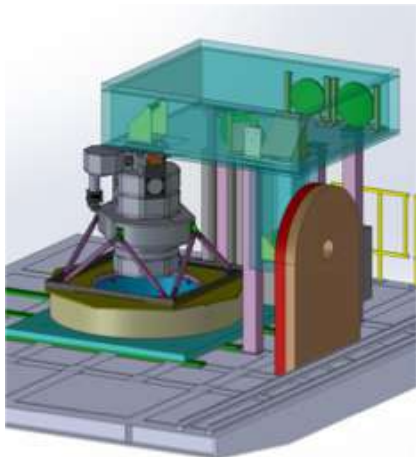
ULTIMATE 観測装置プラン

外部資金による開発が前提

ULTIMATE
Subaru

① MOIRCS

- NsIRへ移設
- FoV: 4' x 7'
- 0.12" /pix
- λ : 0.9-2.5 μ m
- Imaging + **MOS** spectroscopy



ファーストライト装置として期待

② WFI

大型科研費
申請中

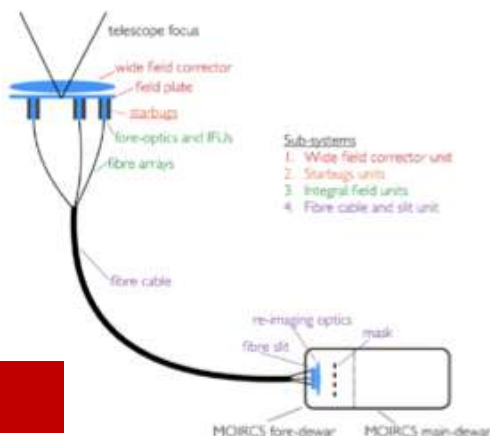
- Cs
- FoV: **14' x 14'**
- 0.1"/pix
- λ : 0.9-2.5 μ m
- NB/MB/BB imaging
- K~26mag (AB, 5 σ , 5h)



ULTIMATEの主力装置, 300夜クラスのSSPを想定

③ Fiber-bundle multi-obj IFU

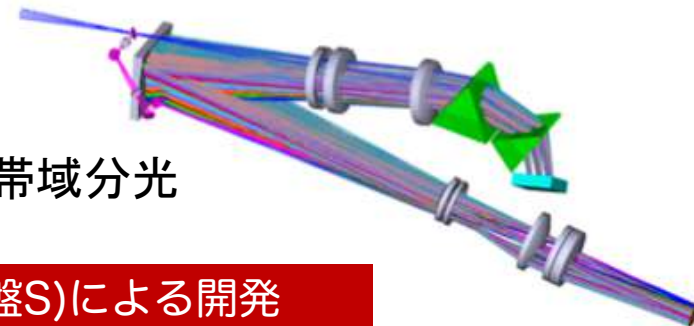
- Cs (w/ MOIRCS/PFS)
- FoV: 14' x 14'
- **IFU** FoV: 1.2"x1.2"
- λ : 0.9-1.8 μ m
- Multiplicity: 8-13



オーストラリアより提案

④ NINJA spectrograph

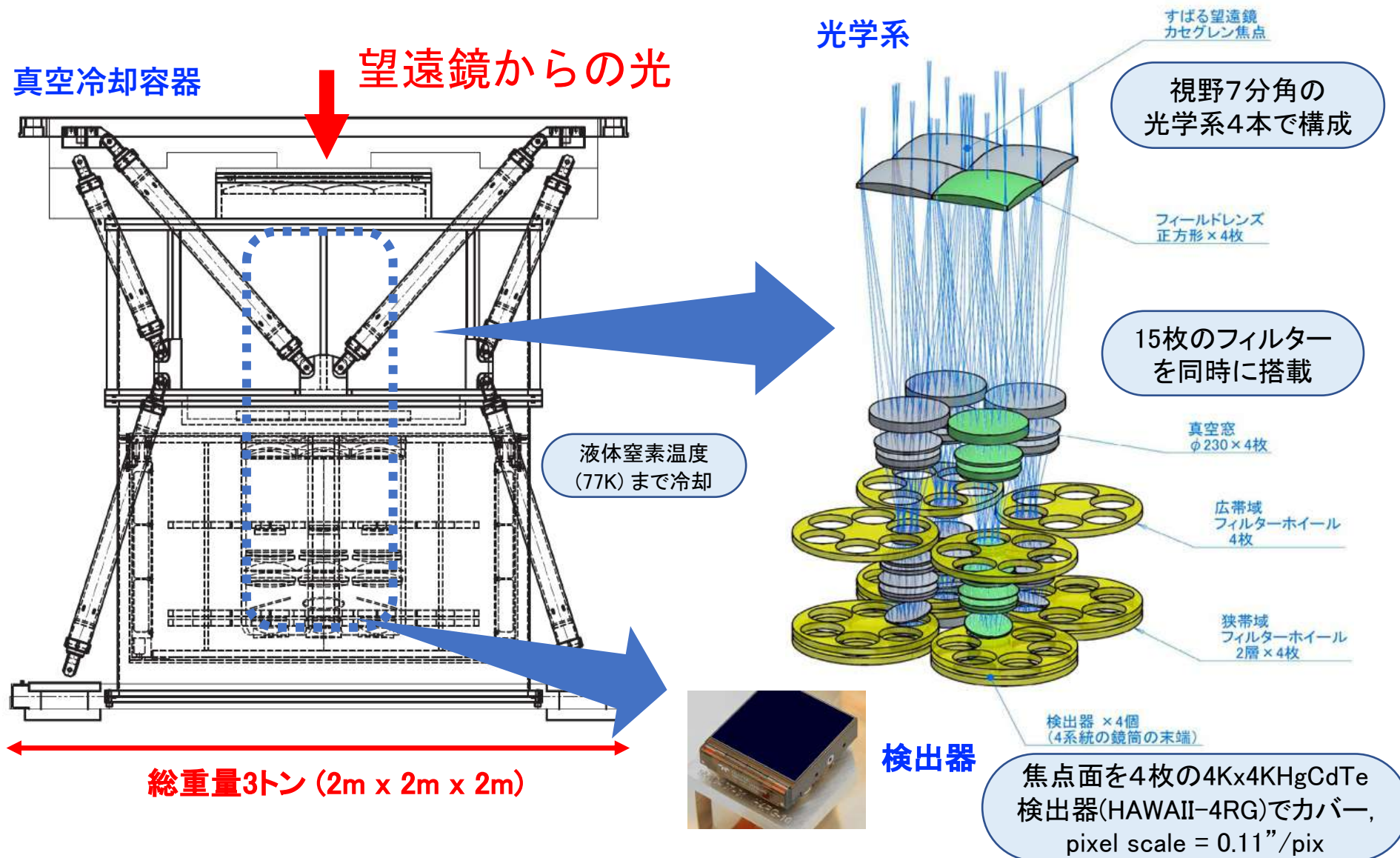
- NsIR
- 1天体集中
- 最高感度
- R~3000-4000
- λ : 可視~近赤外広帯域分光



LTAO装置, 科研費(基盤S)による開発

ULTIMATE-WFI (Wide-Field Imager)

ULTIMATEの主力装置, GLAOの視野全面(~200平方分角)をカバーする



2021年6月に
概念設計審査を実施

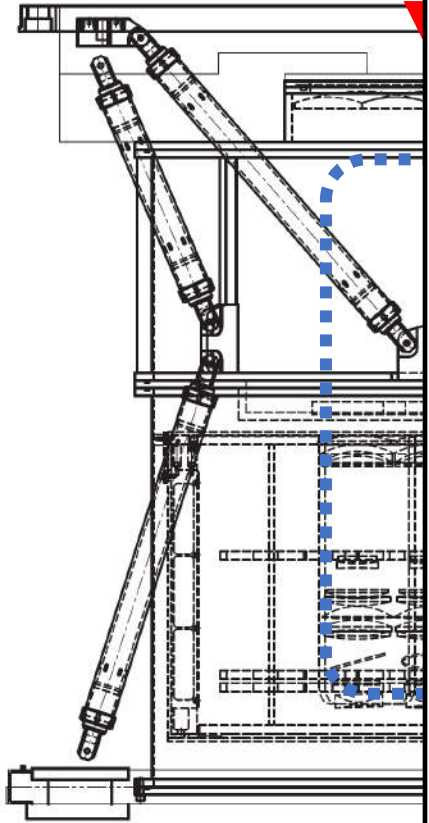
審査員(アルファベット順)

- **Rene Doyon**
(U. Montreal/Canada)
- **Takashi Ichikawa**
(Tohoku Univ./Japan)
- **Jessica Lu**
(UC Barkley/USA)
- **Tetsuya Nagata**
(Kyoto Univ./Japan)
- **Hideko Nomura**
(NAOJ/Japan)
- **Youichi Ohyama**
(**chair**, ASIAA/Taiwan)
- **James Rhoads**
(NASA/USA)
- **Lee Spitler**
(Macquarie/Australia)

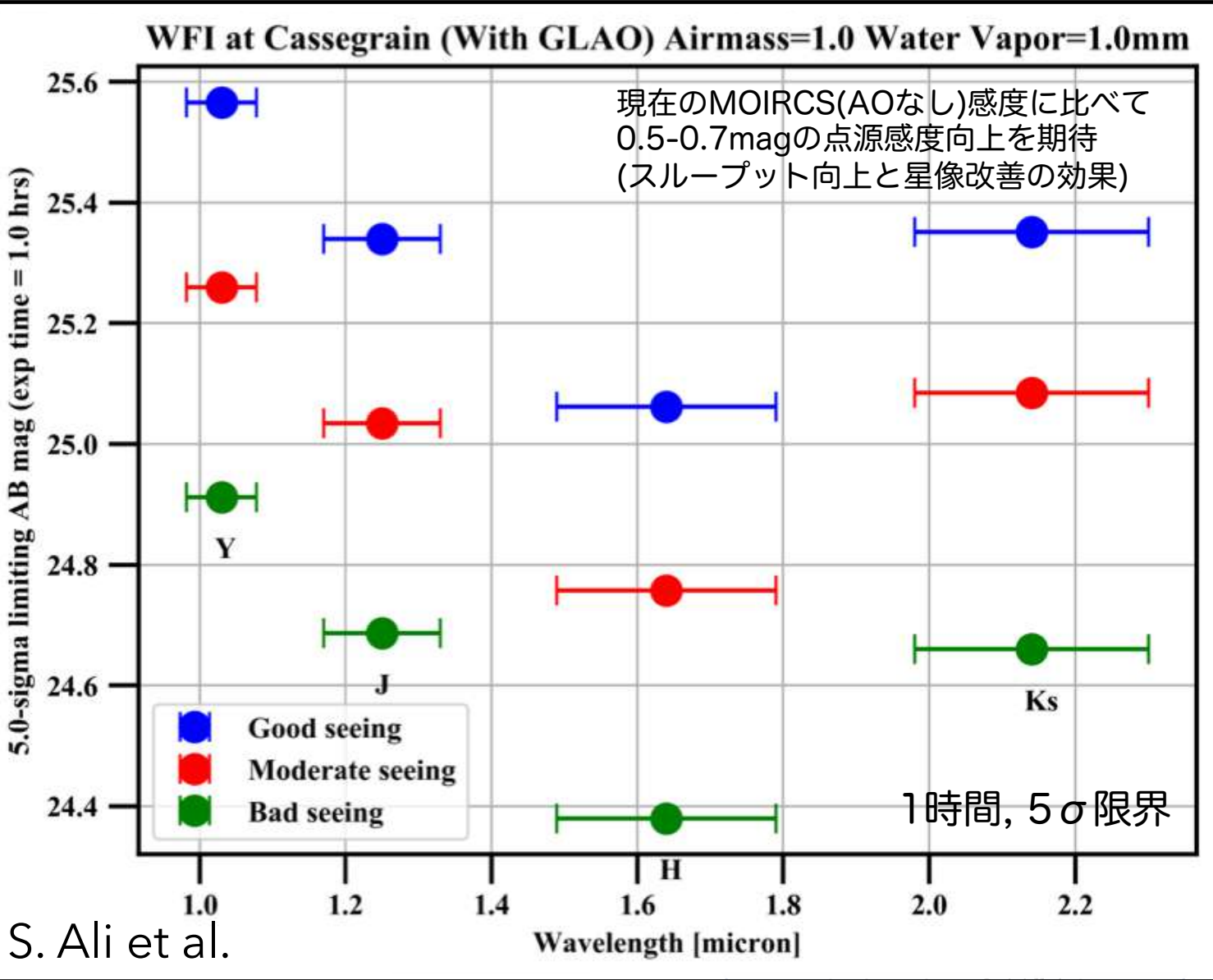
ULTIMATE-WFI (Wide-Field Imager)

ULTIMATEの主力

真空冷却容器



総重量3トン



pixel scale = 0.11 / pix

2021年6月に
概念設計審査を実施

審査員(アルファベット順)

- **Rene Doyon**
(U. Montreal/Canada)
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- **Tetsuya Nagata**
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- **Hideko Nomura**
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- **Youichi Ohyama**
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- **James Rhoads**
(NASA/USA)
- **Lee Spitler**
(Macquarie/Australia)



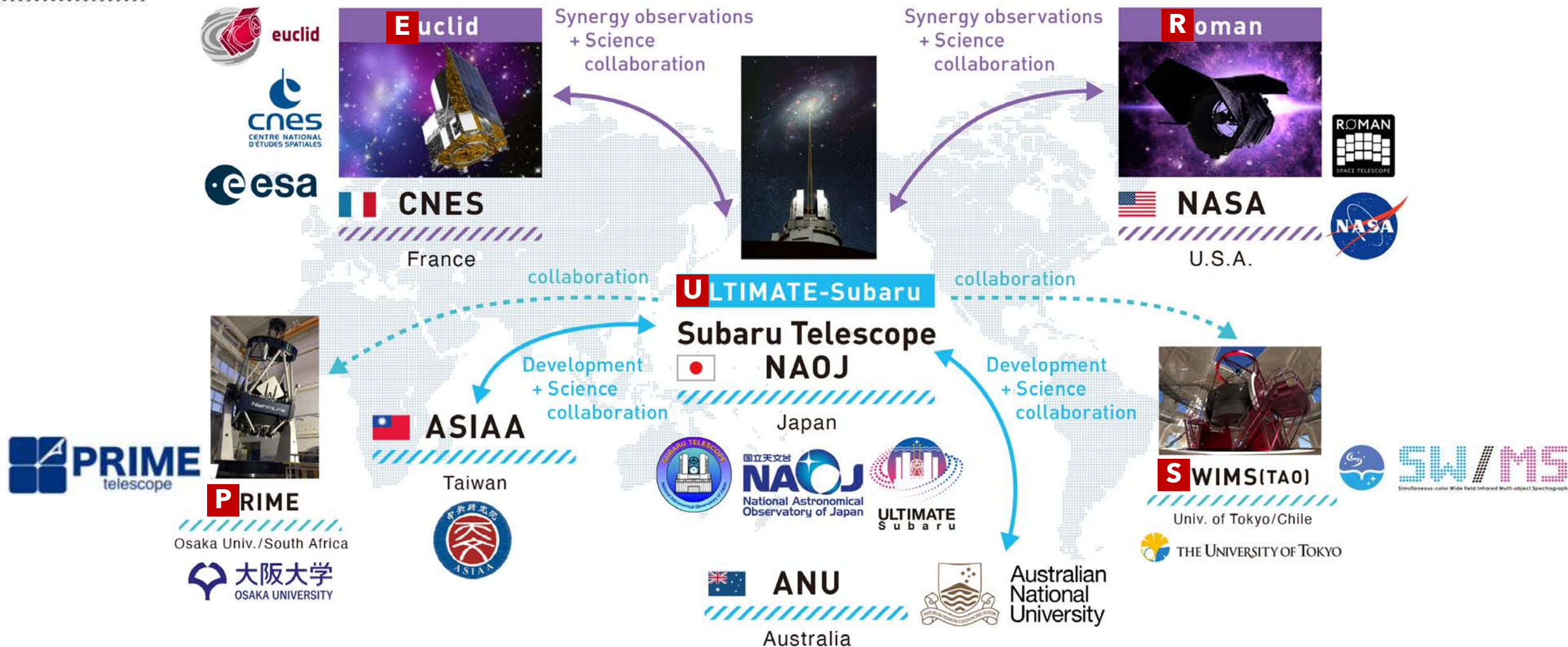
**SUPER
IRNET**

研究拠点形成事業

2021年4月～2026年3月, 代表: 吉田道利 (国立天文台)

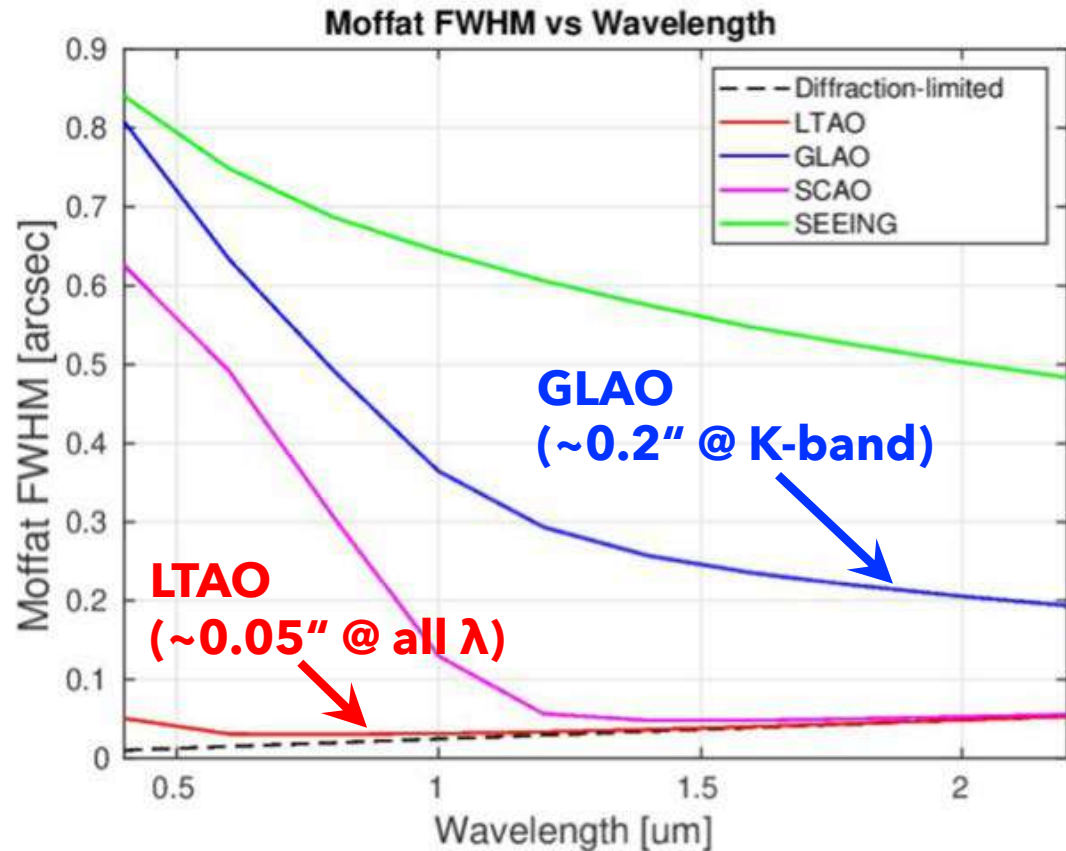
「地上・宇宙望遠鏡の連携による近赤外線広視野深宇宙探査時代の国際研究拠点形成」

- 2021～2022年度にかけてオンラインセミナーを6回開催
- 2022年度内に対面でのワークショップも計画中

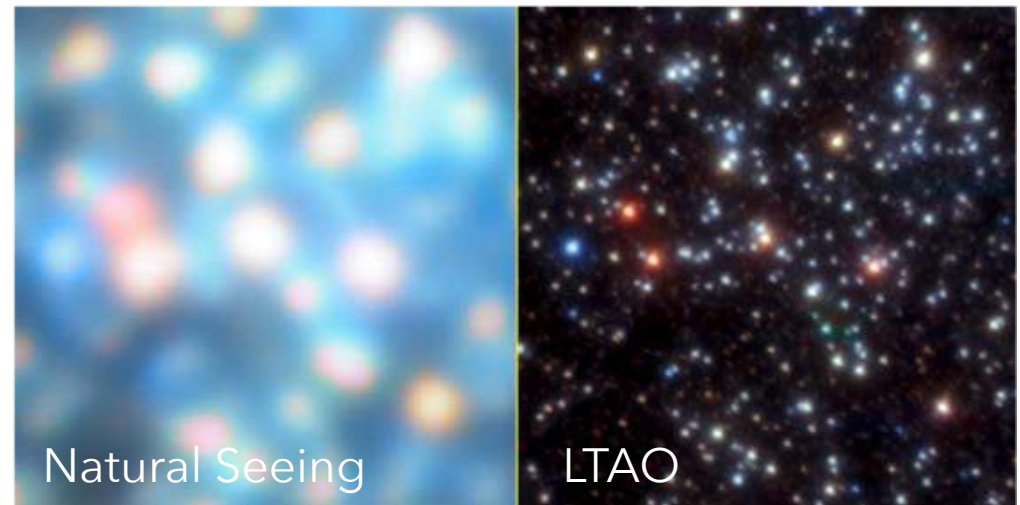
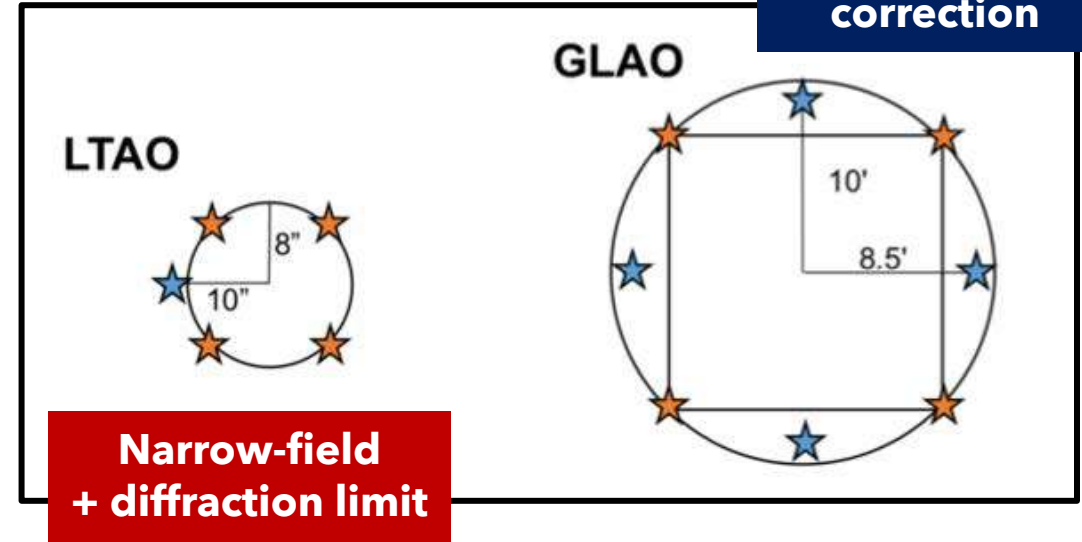


ULTIMATE "narrow-field (LTAO)" mode

- ULTIMATE is **not only** for wide-field science.
- Our "LTAO" mode can deliver ultimately high spatial resolution and high sensitivity for your favorite target!



Wide-field
+ moderate
correction



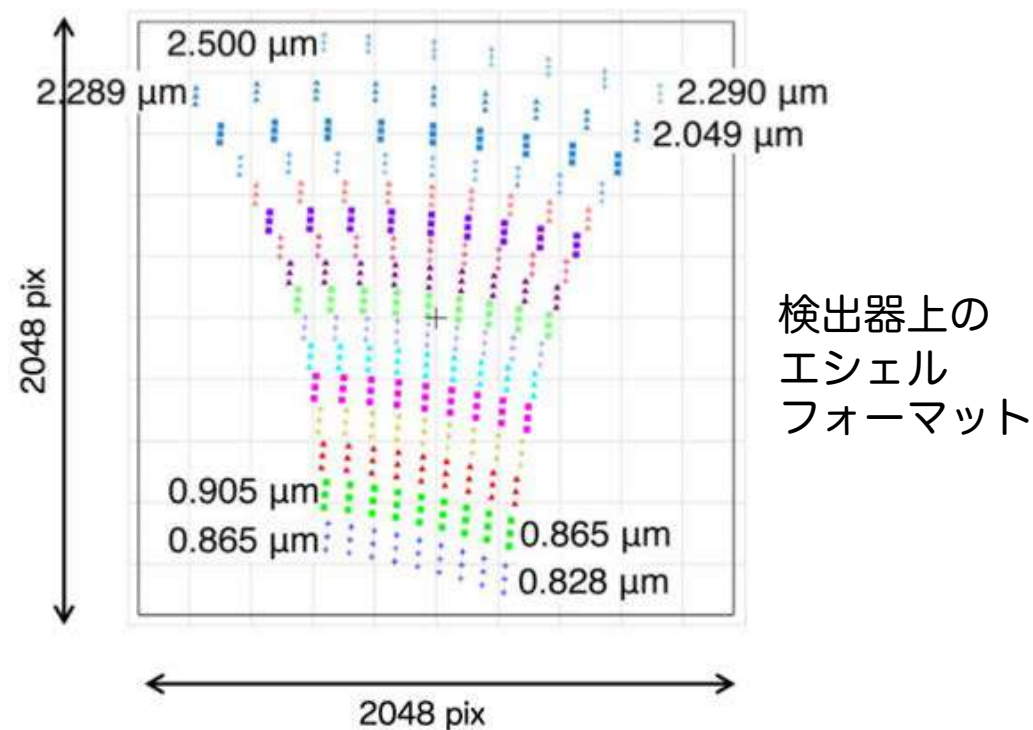
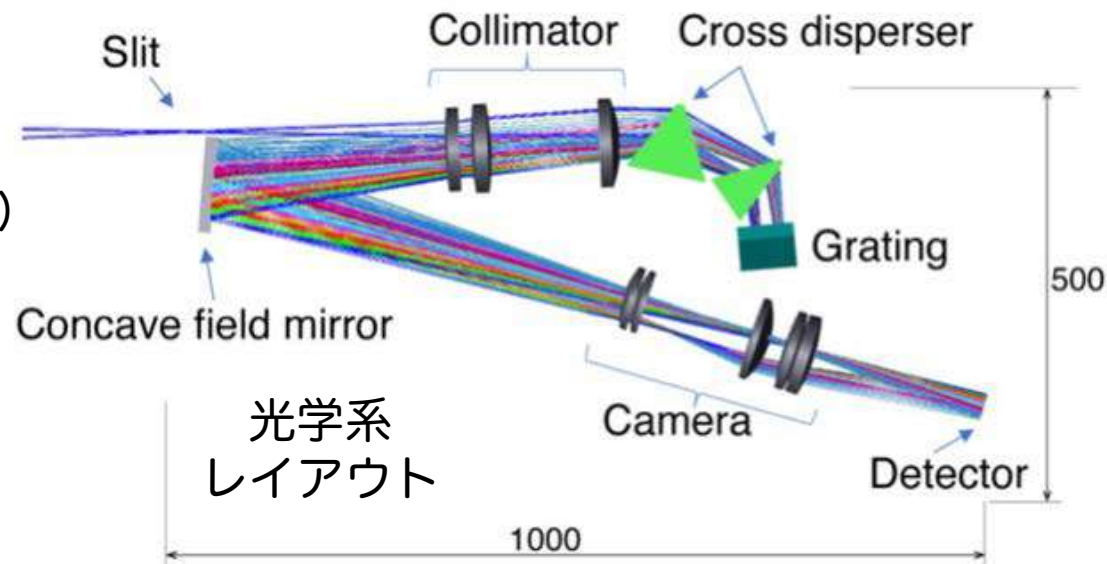
NINJA Near-IR and optical Joint Spectrograph with Adaptive optics

Tokoku et al. (2022), 2022年度秋季年会V204a(東谷)/V205a(守屋)

- LTAO対応, 高感度広帯域分光装置
- 科研費(基盤S)による開発
 - 「高感度広帯域近赤外線分光で読み解く重力波源における元素合成」
 - 2021~2025年度, 代表: 吉田道利 (国立天文台)
- すばるのPIタイプ装置として提案予定 (2025年度運用開始を目標)

波長範囲	0.83 - 2.5 μm
F比	13.9
スリット幅	0.35" (0.19 mm) (TBD)
スリット長	5" (2.7 mm)
コリメータ焦点距離	597.7 mm
瞳径	43.0 mm
グレーティング溝密度	56 lines/mm
グレーティングブレード角	33 degrees
検出器	HAWAII-2RG 1枚
検出器画素数	2048 x 2048 pix
検出器画素サイズ	18 $\mu\text{m}/\text{pix}$
サンプリング(0.35"スリット)	3.3 pix
波長分解能	R~3300

NINJAメンバー: 東谷千比呂, 吉田道利, 守屋堯, 本原顕太郎, 尾崎忍夫, 柳澤顕史, 大野良人, 美濃和陽典, 寺尾航暉, 早野裕, 小山佑世, 富永望, 大内正己, 田中賢幸 (国立天文台), 田中雅臣, 秋山正幸 (東北大学), 長尾透, 松岡良樹 (愛媛大学), 櫛引洸佑, 穂満星冴, 安田彩乃 (東京大学)





まとめ

- ULTIMATE = すばる 2 時代の明夜を担う次世代補償光学 x 赤外線観測装置
- 2017年度より”ULTIMATE-START”始動 [科研費]
- 2019年度より国立天文台Aプロジェクト (すばるGLAOプロジェクト)
- 2021年度より本格的な予算措置スタート (+ SUPER-IRNETスタート, NINJA始動[科研費])
- 2022年度より「すばる 2」始動, 可変副鏡の製作開始
- 観測装置開発は外部資金獲得が前提 → 外部資金獲得と国際協力に向けた努力を継続中

広視野モード (GLAO)

- FWHM~0.2” @ K-band
- 20-arcmin FoV (in diameter)
- GLAO+WFI = ULTIMATEの主軸
- 多彩なフィルター群を用いた近赤外線深宇宙探査で宇宙望遠鏡と連携 & TMTへの独自ターゲット提供

研究員公募 (予定)

- 可変副鏡の較正システム担当 (国立天文台三鷹勤務)
- 主に機械光学系の設計・製作、および完成したシステムを使った可変副鏡の較正作業などを担当
- 問合せ先: 大屋真 (国立天文台先端技術センター)

狭視野モード (LTAO)

- ULTIMATEが提供するもう一つの観測機能
- FWHM~0.05” @ 可視~近赤外
- FoV: a few to ~10-arcsec